

深圳市 2021-2022 学年初三年级中考适应性考试

英 语

- 说明：**
1. 答题前，请将姓名、准考证号和学校用黑色字迹的钢笔或签字笔填写在答题卡指定的位置上，并将条形码粘贴好。
 2. 全卷共 8 页。考试时间 70 分钟，满分 75 分。
 3. 作答选择题时，选出每小题答案后，用 2B 铅笔把答题卡上对应题目答案标号的信息点框涂黑。如需改动，用橡皮擦干净后，再选涂其他答案。作答非选择题时，用黑色字迹的钢笔或签字笔将答案写在答题卡指定区域内。写在本试卷或草稿纸上，其答案一律无效。
 4. 考试结束后，请将答题卡交回。

第一部分 选择题（50 分）

I. 完形填空（10 分）

阅读下面短文，从短文后所给的 A、B、C、D 四个选项中选出能填入相应空白处的最佳选项，并在答题卡上将相应的字母编号涂黑。（共 10 小题，每小题 1 分）

Seeing Spot running around the garden, Stephen remembered the first day it came to his house.

Stephen was fourteen. It had been three months since his mother and father died in a car ___1___ on the high way. Kelly, whose husband died years ago, adopted (收养) him. Stephen had a disliking for Kelly. Her voice was loud. She also made him do the housework. Stephen didn't feel like a ___2___ to her at all. He dreamed a lot. He spoke little. He cried ___3___. He had no smile on his face. He had even been working on a plan - to run away and never ___4___!

Until he heard Kelly parking her car into the garage on that day...

Before he realized it, Kelly was standing in front of him, with a small beagle (比格犬) in her hand. She put the beagle down. It ran to Stephen and sat on his tennis shoes, Stephen knelt down to pet him. After a while, he ___5___ and asked in a low voice, "Is the dog for me?"

Kelly laughed, "Of course. Give him a ___6___." Stephen thought for a moment. Suddenly, he saw a big, black spot on his back. That's it! Spot! "I'll call him Spot!" Stephen said loudly.

"Spot? Strange name, but it'll do." Said Kelly. "You'd better ___7___ the bathroom and finish your homework before dinner's ready."

Two weeks passed. 8 different had changed in Stephen – a smile appeared on his face again. Wherever he went, Spot would 9 him like a loyal shadow. 10, he had given up his plan to leave the house. One morning, when Kelly woke up, she found a small hand-made card on her bed. Inside were the words, “Thank you, Mom! Love, Stephen.”

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|------------------|--------------|----------------|----------------|
| 1. A. project | B. tour | C. factory | D. accident |
| 2. A. son | B. friend | C. daughter | D. neighbour |
| 3. A. loudly | B. secretly | C. madly | D. wildly |
| 4. A. move | B. care | C. return | D. answer |
| 5. A. looked up | B. jumped up | C. looked down | D. turned down |
| 6. A. name | B. toy | C. gift | D. hand |
| 7. A. build | B. clean | C. leave | D. use |
| 8. A. Everything | B. Anything | C. Something | D. Nothing |
| 9. A. push | B. follow | C. hurt | D. miss |
| 10. A. Strangely | B. Suddenly | C. Sadly | D. Finally |

II. 阅读理解 (40 分)

第一节 阅读下列短文，从下面每小题所给的 A、B、C、D 四个选项中，选出最佳选项，并在答题卡上将相应的字母编号涂黑。(共 15 小题，每小题 1.5 分)

A



Batman may not have any superpowers, but bats certainly do. More than 1,400 kinds of bats live around the world, except in Antarctica and a few faraway islands. What makes these flying mammals (哺乳动物) so successful? Their superpowers.

Superpower 1: Echolocation (回声定位). Although bats aren't blind, many of them do not depend on eyesight. Instead, they use echolocation to guide and find food in darkness. From echoes, bats can calculate the distance, size, and shape of objects, such as a tasty fly. However, recent research also suggests that bats may depend less on echolocation than people believed. When not echolocating, bats may turn to eyesight and space memory to find their way.

Superpower 2: Speedy flight. Bats are the only mammals that use their muscles (肌肉) to fly, which is called self-powered flight. This makes their flying skills special in the animal world. Bat wings are like human hands. The wings are supported by special muscles that make bats quick flyers. Unlike bird or insect wings, bat wings can fold (折叠) during flight in different ways, similar to the way that a human hand can close into different shapes.

Superpower 3: Long life. As a general rule in biology, smaller animals have shorter life than larger ones. But bats are rule breakers: They're the longest-lived mammals considering their body size. Recently, scientists **delved into** bats' cells (细胞) for the secrets to their long lives.

Understanding why bats live so long and how they remain healthy into old age, may help human beings live a longer life one day.

11. What do we know about bats from paragraph 1?
- A. They can live all around the world. B. They have superpowers like Batman.
C. They are the most powerful animals. D. They are successful flying mammals.
12. What can bats do with the help of echolocation?
- A. See things clearly. B. Live in distant places.
C. Find ways and food. D. Improve their memory.
13. What's the main idea of paragraph 3?
- A. Bats fly more quickly than birds.
B. Bats can fold their wings to fly high.
C. Bats fly quickly with their special muscles.
D. Bats are the only mammals that have muscles.
14. What does the underlined phrase **delved into** in paragraph 4 probably mean?
- A. Studied. B. Explained. C. Watched. D Created.
15. Where can we probably read the article?
- A. In a storybook. B. In a business letter.
C. In a travel guide. D. In a science magazine.

B



Alice was beginning to get very tired of having nothing to do. Out of nowhere, a White Rabbit with pink eyes ran close by her. There was nothing so special in that; **nor did Alice think it so very much out of the way to hear the Rabbit say to itself**, “Oh dear! Oh dear! I shall be late!”

But when the Rabbit actually took a watch out of its waistcoat (马甲) pocket, and looked at it, and then hurried on, Alice stood up. She had never before seen a rabbit with either a waistcoat pocket, or a watch to take out of it. She ran across the field after the Rabbit, and was just in time to see it jump into a large rabbit-hole under the fence. In another moment, Alice went down after it, never once considering how in the world she was to get out again.

The rabbit-hole went straight on like a tunnel (通道) for some way, and then dipped (下沉) suddenly down. Alice found herself falling down a very deep well. Either the well was very deep, or she fell very slowly, for she had plenty of time as she went down to look about her and to wonder what was going to happen next.

Down, down, down. Would the fall never come to an end! “I wonder if I shall fall right through the earth! How funny it’ll seem to come out among the people that walk with their heads downward! But I shall have to ask them what the name of the country is, you know. Is this New Zealand or Australia?”

16. What can you learn from the underlined sentence in paragraph 1?

- A. Alice wanted to run away from there.
- B. Alice didn’t find anything unusual.
- C. Alice felt it on the wrong way.
- D. Alice didn’t think it natural.

17. What made the Rabbit special to Alice?

- A. Its pink eyes.
- B. The way it jumped.
- C. The clothes it wore.
- D. The words it talked to her.

18. Why did Alice jump into the rabbit-hole?

- A. Because she had run too fast to stop.
- B. Because she wanted to have the watch.
- C. Because she wanted to know more about the Rabbit.
- D. Because she was sure that it led to a whole new world.

19. What do we know about Alice’s fall down the well?

- A. It was quick. B. It lasted long.
- C. It hurt her. D. It made her afraid.

20. According to paragraph 4, we can know Alice is _____.

- A. Imaginative. B. Foolish. C. Patient. D. Honest.

C

By using the “Culture and Tourism e-Village” programme, which can be found on WeChat, visitors now can enjoy the sightseeing of 1,594 villages and 877 towns in East China’s Jiangsu Province on their phones.

The programme, developed by the Jiangsu Cultural Center, is made up of several parts, such as memories of the village, countryside tourism, e-business of cultural tourism and voluntary service.

For visitors, it gives introductions, pictures and travel guidance of many villages. It allows visitors to check villages by using VR (虚拟现实) technology, learn about local histories and attractions there, and book homestay hotels. For example, Qingdun Village of Hai’an City has used VR technology to present the whole village on the programme. Travelers interested in Qingdun can learn about it by simply clicking on the screen.

For farmers, it allows them to advertise their hometown, attend online training and take part in more cultural and tourism activities.

“I sell more grapes and strawberries by using the programme,” said Zhang Feng, a villager from Baitu Town, Zhenjiang City. “I have faith (信心) in the quality (质量) of my products, but I had trouble selling them. Our town has been known to more people since it appeared on the programme and our products have drawn more attention. Many villagers have enjoyed a better life with Baitu Town becoming famous,” he said happily.

To attract more users, the programme also holds different kinds of online activities, including short video competitions, cultural products designs and photography competitions. According to the Jiangsu Cultural Center, the programme will cooperate (合作) with more key tourism villages in Jiangsu to develop the province’s countryside tourism.

21. What is the “Culture and Tourism e-Village” programme for?
A. Self learning. B. Voluntary service.
C. Online teaching. D. Online sightseeing.
22. According to paragraph 3, what can WeChat users do?
A. Book village hotels. B. Study Chinese history.
C. Talk with travel guides. D. Develop VR technology.
23. Why are the local farmers happy about the programme?
A. They can grow more fruits. B. Their product sales have increased.
C. They can offer online activities. D. Their product quality has improved.
24. What can we infer (推断) from the last paragraph?
A. More and more provinces will join in the programme.
B. The programme will hold different kinds of online activities.
C. The countryside tourism of Jiangsu Province will become better.
D. People in Jiangsu Province are losing interest in the programme.
25. Which of the following is the best title for this passage?
A. WeChat Introduces the Beauty of Jiangsu
B. VR Technology Makes Traveling Faster
C. Online Competitions Help Villages Sell
D. Programme Helps Countryside Tourism

第二节 请阅读下面的短文，并从下列方框里的六个句子中选择五个还原到原文中，使原文的意思完整、连贯。（共 5 小题，每小题 2 分）

- | |
|--|
| A. Clean the table
B. Put down a tablecloth
C. It is also an eco-friendly way to tidy your table
D. Flowers on a table, for example, should be low
E. And it is always enjoyable to set a warm table during holidays
F. My tip is to place a teaspoon and a fork above the dinner plate |
|--|



Many of the best moments in life happen around the table. (26)_____ . Here are three useful tips.

(27)_____

A tablecloth can either connect you with memories of past celebrations or give your eating space a fresh new look. You don't need an expensive tablecloth—it just has to be pleasing to your eye and easy to clean. (28)_____ .

Set the whole table

I like to think through everything. I'll be serving at a dinner and make sure everything, especially tableware (餐具), is laid out before anyone takes their seats. (29)_____, where they won't get in the way of the main meal, but will be ready when the pies and coffee show up.

Think small when it comes to table decorations

(30)_____. Just a few flowers like roses can be cut short to fill out a simple, low vase. That way your table looks celebratory but won't cost a lot of time or money.

Most of all, I wish you delicious, peaceful holiday meals, either seated in your own good company or with the ones you love.

第三节 信息匹配

下面的材料 A~F 分别介绍了六个不同主题的博物馆。请根据 Alexandra, Emma, Daniel, Judy, Martin 的特点, 选择最适合他们参观的地方。(共 5 小题, 每小题 1.5 分)

- A. Old and valuable hair collections are shown in Leila's Hair Museum. During the Victorian Times, it was common to create and wear jewelry made from hair.
 - B. To see the Giant Shoe Museum's collection, visitors must drop quarters into coin boxes. You can see giant shoes including a shoe worn by the world's tallest man.
 - C. Meguro Parasitological Museum offers a close look at the parasites(寄生虫). You can see the world's longest tapeworm that measures almost 29 feet long.
 - D. The Roswell UFO incident of 1947 is the best-known UFO sighting. In Roswell UFO Museum, you can get information on the event and other UFO sightings.
 - E. There are delicious noodles from Shin-Yokohama Ramen Museum in Japan. This is a tasty tour, as you can taste some of the most famous Japanese noodles.
 - F. You can study 130 real objects, 110 pictures and 40 models to learn more about tap water in Beijing Tap Water Museum, including the history of the first water plant.
- () 31. Alexandra is a foodie and interested in the Japanese culture.
- () 32. Emma is doubtful about aliens and interested in flying objects.
- () 33. Daniel is doing research on the development of Beijing tap water.
- () 34. Judy loves jewelry, especially the pieces made from strange things.
- () 35. Martin wants to learn more about worms living in the human body.

第二部分 非选择题 (25 分)

III. 语法填空 (10 分)

阅读下面短文, 在空格处填入一个适当的词或使用括号中所给词语的正确形式填空, 并将答案填写在答题卡规定的位置上。(共 10 小题, 每小题 1 分)

Born in 701, Li Bai was one of the greatest poets of the Tang Dynasty. 36. _____ the age of 24, he left home and started to travel around China. Throughout 37. _____ (he) life, he wrote more than one thousand poems about nature, friendship and many other wonderful things.



“To Wang Lun” was one of Li Bai’s poems, which was about his friendship with Wang Lun, 38. _____ important person to him. It is said that Wang Lun respected Li Bai for his talent and dreamt of 39. _____ (see) him. When he heard that Li Bai was travelling to a place nearby, he wrote a letter to Li Bai 40. _____ invited him to visit his hometown. In the letter, Wang Lun pictured his hometown as having peach flowers extending ten *li* and ten thousand wine houses.

Li Bai couldn’t find the scenes described by Wang Lun 41. _____ he arrived. Wang Lun explained that “peach flowers” was the name of a pool of water and Wan was the family name of the wine house 42. _____ (own). Li Bai laughed about Wang Lun’s little trick. He understood that Wang Lun 43. _____ (true) wanted to see him and the two became good friends.

It 44. _____ (know) that Li Bai and the other poets of the Tang Dynasty have left many great poems to us. Together they created the “45. _____ (gold) age” of classical Chinese poetry and they will always be remembered by Chinese people.

IV. 书面表达 (15 分)

“双减”政策减轻了学生作业负担和校外培训负担, 学生有了更多自主时间。寒假将至, 你班将举办以“我的寒假计划”为题的主题班会。请你根据以下要点, 写一篇发言稿。

要点: 1. 制定计划的目的: 引导学生自主管理时间, 合理规划假期生活, 过一个有意义的寒假;

2. 计划的具体内容: ① 为家人做一件有意义的事, 例如做一顿饭;

②

③

要求: 1. 80 词左右, 开头和结尾已给出, 不计入总词数内;

2. 文中不得出现真实姓名和校名;

3. 可适当增加细节, 以使条理清楚、行文连贯;

4. 标点正确, 书面整洁。